

Microsoft Exchange

Recently targeted by **HAFNIUM**

<https://msrc-blog.microsoft.com/2021/03/05/microsoft-exchange-server-vulnerabilities-mitigations-march-2021/>
<https://www.microsoft.com/security/blog/2021/03/02/hafnium-targeting-exchange-servers/>

Firstly, if you are running an un-patched on-premise Microsoft Exchange version, you should upgrade immediately! This is a **critical** vulnerability that allows an attacker to access a desired user's mailbox, requiring only the e-mail address of the user they wish to target! These details and more were disclosed by Volexity here.

<https://www.volexity.com/blog/2021/03/02/active-exploitation-of-microsoft-exchange-zero-day-vulnerabilities/>

The vulnerabilities affect Exchange Server 2013, 2016 and 2019. Exchange Online is **not** affected.

January 6, 2021

Zero Day Exploits

In the article above, Volexity disclosed seeing these exploits as early as January 6, 2021. The first CVE discovered was CVE-2021-26855 being used to steal content from mailboxes. On further monitoring of the environments, it was observed the attacker can chain this vulnerability to others (including CVE-2021-27065), enabling remote code execution, and eventually lateral movement. More details are available from Volexity's post.

March 2, 2021

MSFT Announcement

On March 2, 2020, Microsoft released the patches via MSRC:

<https://msrc-blog.microsoft.com/2021/03/02/multiple-security-updates-released-for-exchange-server/>

Volexity published their findings:

<https://www.volexity.com/blog/2021/03/02/active-exploitation-of-microsoft-exchange-zero-day-vulnerabilities/>

Microsoft published further information about nation-state attacks, and identified HAFNIUM specifically as the primary threat actor exploiting these vulnerabilities:

<https://blogs.microsoft.com/on-the-issues/2021/03/02/new-nation-state-cyberattacks/>

<https://www.microsoft.com/security/blog/2021/03/02/hafnium-targeting-exchange-servers/>

Latest

Ongoing Developments

On March 3, FortiGuard released initial analysis in Threat Signal report:

<https://www.fortiguard.com/threat-signal-report/3856/out-of-band-patches-for-in-the-wild-exploitation-microsoft-exchange-server>

On March 5, Microsoft released additional details and mitigation techniques that can be used by customers unable to upgrade quickly:

<https://msrc-blog.microsoft.com/2021/03/05/microsoft-exchange-server-vulnerabilities-mitigations-march-2021/>

On March 11, Microsoft announced detection of a new variant of DearCry ransomware was being used on vulnerable Exchange servers: <https://twitter.com/MstSecIntel/status/1370236539427459076>

Full details on Fortinet protection for DearCry is available from:

<https://fndn.fortinet.net/FortiGuard-Alert-Outbreaks/Dearcy/>

Fortinet Products Summary

Services	Version	Other info
FortiGate NGFW		
IPS	18.030	Blocks the exploit (deploy NGFW in front of Exchange server)
Anti-Virus	84.00475	Blocks the hashes identified by Microsoft in the blog post. Does not prevent the exploitation, but will prevent the data being exfiltrated.
FortiClient		
Vulnerability	1.234	Detects vulnerable instance of Exchange running on Windows Server
FortiWeb		
WAF	0.00286	Blocks the exploit (deploy WAF in front of Exchange server)
FortiEDR		
EDR	v4, v5	Blocks post-exploitation activity including dumping the LSASS memory, running Nishang and PowerCat tool.
FortiDeceptor		
Lure	3.x	Deception Lure for saved passwords and SMB will divert attacker to decoys and detect the attack.
Decoy	3.x	Decoys in the MS Exchange segment can detect the lateral movement.
FortiAnalyzer		
Event Handler	6.2, 6.4	Raise event when FortiGate IPS detects a vulnerable instance exploit attempt, or AV detects a known IOC.
Threat Hunting Report		
FortiSIEM		
Rules & Threat Hunting Report	5.x, 6.x	Detects indicators attributed to Hafnium from IIS logs, Windows, FortiGate IPS and Virus logs, Network Traffic logs.

Cyber Kill Chain



Reconnaissance



Weaponization



Delivery

This is a critical vulnerability of a supported / trusted Microsoft Exchange instance, and affects the on-premise deployments of Exchange 2013, 2016 and 2019.



Detect Vulnerable App

FortiClient Vulnerability Package Update

Version Info: 1.234

Link: <https://www.fortiguard.com/updates/epvuln?version=1.234>



Exploitation

Multiple products & services including **FortiGuard IPS** and **FortiWeb** detect & prevent the exploit and lateral movements within the Enterprise network.



Block Exploit with IPS

FortiGate IPS Database Update

Version Info: 18.030 (and 18.028)

Link: <https://www.fortiguard.com/updates/ips?version=18.030>



Block Exploit with FortiWeb

FortiWeb Web Security Update

Version Info: 0.00286

Link: <https://www.fortiguard.com/updates/websecurity?version=0.00286>



Installation

Multiple products & services including **FortiEDR** and **FortiGuard AntiVirus** detect & defuse exploited system activities.



Defuse Exploit

FortiEDR (with optional MDR and XDR services)

Version Info: v4, v5

Link: <https://kb.fortinet.com/kb/microsites/search.do?cmd=displayKc&docType=kc&externalId=FD52016>

Other Info: Blocks post-exploitation activity including dumping the LSASS memory, running Nishang and PowerCat tools.



Defuse Exfiltration Attempts

FortiGate / FortiGuard Anti-Virus

Version Info: 84.00475

Link: <https://www.fortiguard.com/updates/antivirus?version=84.00475>

Other Info: Blocks the hashes identified by Microsoft in the blog post. Does not prevent the exploitation, but will prevent the data being exfiltrated.



Detect & Defuse Lateral Movement

FortiDeceptor Lure (saved password & cache credentials) + Deception Decoy

Version Info: 3.x

Link: <https://kb.fortinet.com/kb/microsites/search.do?cmd=displayKc&docType=kc&externalId=FD51618>

Other Info: Deception Lure for saved passwords and SMB will divert attacker to decoys and detect the attack. Decoys in the MS Exchange segment can detect the lateral movement.



C2



Action



DearCry Ransomware

Multiple Fortinet Protections

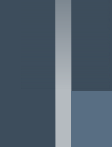
Link: <https://fndn.fortinet.net/FortiGuard-Alert-Outbreaks/Dearcy/>

Other Info: One of the common attacks been launched in 2nd stage, as reported by MSFT.

Incident Response (Security Operations)

To help customers identify and protect vulnerable, FortiAnalyzer, FortiSIEM and FortiSOAR updates are available to raise alerts and escalate to incident response:

Analyzer / SIEM / SOAR Threat Hunting & Playbooks



Threat Hunting Report

FortiAnalyzer Report

Version Info: n/a

Link: <https://kb.fortinet.com/kb/microsites/search.do?cmd=displayKc&docType=kc&externalId=FD51568>

Other Info: Detects indicators based on FortiGate IPS and AV.



Event Handler

FortiAnalyzer Event Handler

Version Info: FortiAnalyzer 6.2, 6.4

Link: <https://kb.fortinet.com/kb/microsites/search.do?cmd=displayKc&docType=kc&externalId=FD51568>

Other Info: Detects indicators based on FortiGate IPS and AV.



SIEM Threat Hunting Report

FortiSIEM Report

Version Info: 5.x and 6.x

Link: <https://kb.fortinet.com/kb/microsites/search.do?cmd=displayKc&docType=kc&externalId=FD51618>

Other Info: Detects indicators attributed to Hafnium from IIS logs, Windows, FortiGate IPS and Virus logs, Network Traffic logs.



SIEM Rules

FortiSIEM Rules

Version Info: 5.x and 6.x

Link: <https://kb.fortinet.com/kb/microsites/search.do?cmd=displayKc&docType=kc&externalId=FD51618>

Other Info: Detects indicators attributed to Hafnium from IIS logs, Windows, FortiGate IPS and Virus logs, Network Traffic logs.